1	SENATE FLOOR VERSION April 21, 2025
2	AS AMENDED
3	ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 2584 By: Hilbert of the House
4	and
5	Paxton of the Senate
6	
7	
8	An Act relating to physician assistants; amending 59 O.S. 2021, Section 353.1, as amended by Section 6,
9	Chapter 288, O.S.L. 2022 (59 O.S. Supp. 2024, Section 353.1), which relates to definitions used in the
10	Oklahoma Pharmacy Act; modifying definitions; amending 59 O.S. 2021, Section 353.1a, which relates
11	to the Oklahoma Pharmacy Act; clarifying which prescriptions for controlled dangerous substances
12	pharmacists may dispense; amending 59 O.S. 2021, Sections 519.2, 519.3, 519.6, and 519.11, as amended
13	by Section 1, Chapter 164, O.S.L. 2022 (59 O.S. Supp. 2024, Section 519.11), which relate to the Physician
14	Assistant Act; modifying definitions; increasing the number of Physician Assistant Committee members;
15	clarifying certain requirements for the chair; increasing member requirements for a quorum; adding
16	provisions regarding postgraduate clinical practice; clarifying filing requirements for practice
17	agreements; clarifying language regarding practicing medicine, prescribing drugs, and using medical
18	supplies under a practice agreement; modifying billing and payment authority; prescribing certain
19	<pre>malpractice insurance requirements; amending 63 O.S. 2021, Section 1-317, as last amended by Section 133,</pre>
20	Chapter 452, O.S.L. 2024 (63 O.S. Supp. 2024, Section 1-317), which relates to the Oklahoma Public Health
21	Code; clarifying the authority of physician assistants to carry out certain functions; amending
22	63 O.S. 2021, Sections 2-101, as last amended by Section 1, Chapter 308, O.S.L. 2024, and 2-312, as
23	amended by Section 2, Chapter 184, O.S.L. 2022 (63 O.S. Supp. 2024, Sections 2-101 and 2-312), which
24	relate to the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances

1 Act; modifying definitions related to physician assistants; clarifying which physician assistants may prescribe and administer certain controlled 2 substances; and repealing 59 O.S. 2021, Section 521.4, which relates to physician supervision and 3 practice agreements. 4 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA: 6 7 SECTION 1. 59 O.S. 2021, Section 353.1, as AMENDATORY amended by Section 6, Chapter 288, O.S.L. 2022 (59 O.S. Supp. 2024, 8 9 Section 353.1), is amended to read as follows: Section 353.1. For the purposes of the Oklahoma Pharmacy Act: 10 11 1. "Accredited program" means those seminars, classes, 12 meetings, work projects, and other educational courses approved by the Board State Board of Pharmacy for purposes of continuing 13 professional education; 14 2. "Act" means the Oklahoma Pharmacy Act; 15 3. "Administer" means the direct application of a drug, whether 16 by injection, inhalation, ingestion, or any other means, to the body 17 of a patient; 18 4. "Assistant pharmacist" means any person presently licensed 19 20 as an assistant pharmacist in the State of Oklahoma this state by the Board pursuant to Section 353.10 of this title and for the 21 purposes of the Oklahoma Pharmacy Act shall be considered the same 22 as a pharmacist, except where otherwise specified; 23 5. "Board" or "State Board" means the State Board of Pharmacy; 24

SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2584 SFLR

Certify" or "certification of a prescription" means the
 review of a filled prescription by a licensed pharmacist or a
 licensed practitioner with dispensing authority to confirm that the
 medication, labeling, and packaging of the filled prescription are
 accurate and meet all requirements prescribed by state and federal
 law. For the purposes of this paragraph, "licensed practitioner"
 shall not include optometrists with dispensing authority;

8 7. "Chemical" means any medicinal substance, whether simple or 9 compound or obtained through the process of the science and art of 10 chemistry, whether of organic or inorganic origin;

11 8. "Compounding" means the combining, admixing, mixing, 12 diluting, pooling, reconstituting, or otherwise altering of a drug 13 or bulk drug substance to create a drug. Compounding includes the 14 preparation of drugs or devices in anticipation of prescription drug 15 orders based on routine, regularly observed prescribing patterns;

9. "Continuing professional education" means professional, pharmaceutical education in the general areas of the socioeconomic and legal aspects of health care; the properties and actions of drugs and dosage forms; and the etiology, characteristics, and therapeutics of the diseased state;

21 10. "Dangerous drug", "legend drug", "prescription drug", or
22 "Rx Only" means a drug:

a. for human use subject to 21 U.S.C., Section 353(b)(1),
 or

b. is labeled "Prescription Only", or labeled with the following statement: "Caution: Federal law restricts this drug except for to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.";

5 11. "Director" means the Executive Director of the State Board
6 of Pharmacy unless context clearly indicates otherwise;

12. "Dispense" or "dispensing" means the interpretation,
evaluation, and implementation of a prescription drug order
including the preparation and delivery of a drug or device to a
patient or a patient's agent in a suitable container appropriately
labeled for subsequent administration to, or use by, a patient.
Dispense includes sell, distribute, leave with, give away, dispose
of, deliver, or supply;

"Dispenser" means a retail pharmacy, hospital pharmacy, a 13. 14 group of chain pharmacies under common ownership and control that do 15 not act as a wholesale distributor, or any other person authorized 16 by law to dispense or administer prescription drugs, and the 17 affiliated warehouses or distributions of such entities under common 18 ownership and control that do not act as a wholesale distributor. 19 For the purposes of this paragraph, "dispenser" dispenser does not 20 mean a person who dispenses only products to be used in animals in 21 accordance with 21 U.S.C., Section 360b(a)(5); 22

14. "Distribute" or "distribution" means the sale, purchase,trade, delivery, handling, storage, or receipt of a product, and

SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2584 SFLR

(Bold face denotes Committee Amendments)

Page 4

does not include the dispensing of a product pursuant to a prescription executed in accordance with 21 U.S.C., Section 353(b)(1) or the dispensing of a product approved under 21 U.S.C., <u>Section</u> 360b(b); provided, taking actual physical possession of a product or title shall not be required;

15. "Doctor of Pharmacy" means a person licensed by the Board
to engage in the practice of pharmacy. The terms "pharmacist",
"D.Ph.", and "Doctor of Pharmacy" shall be interchangeable and shall
have the same meaning wherever they appear in the Oklahoma Statutes
and the rules promulgated by the Board;

11 16. "Drug outlet" means all manufacturers, repackagers, 12 outsourcing facilities, wholesale distributors, third-party 13 logistics providers, pharmacies, and all other facilities which are 14 engaged in dispensing, delivery, distribution, or storage of 15 dangerous drugs;

17. "Drugs" means all medicinal substances and preparations 16 recognized by the United States Pharmacopoeia Pharmacopeia and 17 National Formulary, or any revision thereof, and all substances and 18 preparations intended for external and/or internal use in the cure, 19 diagnosis, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in humans 20 or animals and all substances and preparations, other than food, 21 intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of a 22 human or animals; 23

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18. "Drug sample" means a unit of a prescription drug packaged
 under the authority and responsibility of the manufacturer that is
 not intended to be sold and is intended to promote the sale of the
 drug;

5 19. "Durable medical equipment" has the same meaning as
6 provided by Section 2 of this act Section 375.2 of this title;

7 20. "Filled prescription" means a packaged prescription
8 medication to which a label has been affixed which contains such
9 information as is required by the Oklahoma Pharmacy Act;

10 21. "Hospital" means any institution licensed as a hospital by 11 this state for the care and treatment of patients, or a pharmacy 12 operated by the Oklahoma Department of Veterans Affairs;

- 13 22. "Licensed practitioner" means:
- 14 <u>a.</u> an allopathic physician,
- 15 b. an osteopathic physician,
- 16 c. a podiatric physician,
- 17 d. a dentist,
- 18 e. a veterinarian or,
- 19 <u>f.</u> an optometrist, or
- 20 g. a physician assistant,

21 licensed to practice and authorized to prescribe dangerous drugs 22 within the scope of practice of such practitioner;

23 23. "Manufacturer" or "virtual manufacturer" means with respect 24 to a product:

1 a person that holds an application approved under 21 a. U.S.C., Section 355 or a license issued under 42 2 U.S.C., Section 262 for such product, or if such 3 product is not the subject of an approved application 4 5 or license, the person who manufactured the product, a co-licensed partner of the person described in 6 b. subparagraph a of this paragraph that obtains the 7 product directly from a person described in this 8 9 subparagraph or subparagraph a of this paragraph, an affiliate of a person described in subparagraph a с. 10 or b of this paragraph who receives the product 11 12 directly from a person described in this subparagraph or in subparagraph a or b of this paragraph, or 13 d. a person who contracts with another to manufacture a 14 product; 15

24. "Manufacturing" means the production, preparation, 16 propagation, compounding, conversion, or processing of a device or a 17 drug, either directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of 18 natural origin or independently by means of chemical or biological 19 synthesis and includes any packaging or repackaging of the 20 substances or labeling or relabeling of its container, and the 21 promotion and marketing of such drugs or devices. The term 22 "manufacturing" manufacturing also includes the preparation and 23 promotion of commercially available products from bulk compounds for 24

SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2584 SFLR

1 resale by licensed pharmacies, licensed practitioners, or other
2 persons;

3 25. "Medical gas" means those gases including those in liquid 4 state upon which the manufacturer or distributor has placed one of 5 several cautions, such as "Rx Only", in compliance with federal law; 6 26. "Medical gas order" means an order for medical gas issued 7 by a licensed prescriber;

8 27. "Medical gas distributor" means a person licensed to 9 distribute, transfer, wholesale, deliver, or sell medical gases on 10 drug orders to suppliers or other entities licensed to use, 11 administer, or distribute medical gas and may also include a patient 12 or ultimate user;

13 28. "Medical gas supplier" means a person who dispenses medical14 gases on drug orders only to a patient or ultimate user;

15 29. "Medicine" means any drug or combination of drugs which has 16 the property of curing, preventing, treating, diagnosing, or 17 mitigating diseases, or which is used for that purpose;

30. "Nonprescription drugs" means medicines or drugs which are sold without a prescription and which are prepackaged for use by the consumer and labeled in accordance with the requirements of the statutes and regulations of this state and the federal government. Such items shall also include medical and dental supplies and bottled or nonbulk chemicals which are sold or offered for sale to the general public if such articles or preparations meet the

SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2584 SFLR

1 requirements of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21
2 U.S.C.A., Section 321 et seq.;

3 31. "Outsourcing facility" including "virtual outsourcing 4 facility" means a facility at one geographic location or address 5 that:

- a. is engaged in the compounding of sterile drugs,
 b. has elected to register as an outsourcing facility,
 and
- 9 c. complies with all requirements of 21 U.S.C., Section 10 353b;

11 32. "Package" means the smallest individual saleable unit of 12 product for distribution by a manufacturer or repackager that is 13 intended by the manufacturer for ultimate sale to the dispenser of 14 such product. For the purposes of this paragraph, "individual 15 saleable unit" means the smallest container of a product introduced 16 into commerce by the manufacturer or repackager that is intended by 17 the manufacturer or repackager for individual sale to a dispenser;

18 33. "Person" means an individual, partnership, limited 19 liability company, corporation, or association, unless the context 20 otherwise requires;

34. "Pharmacist-in-charge" or "PIC" means the pharmacist licensed in this state responsible for the management control of a pharmacy and all other aspects of the practice of pharmacy in a

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SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2584 SFLR

1 licensed pharmacy as defined provided by Section 353.18 of this
2 title;

3 35. "Pharmacy" means a place regularly licensed by the <u>State</u>
4 Board of Pharmacy in which prescriptions, drugs, medicines,
5 chemicals, and poisons are compounded or dispensed or such place
6 where pharmacists practice the profession of pharmacy, or a pharmacy
7 operated by the Oklahoma Department of Veterans Affairs;

8 36. "Pharmacy technician", "technician", "Rx tech", or "tech" 9 means a person issued a <u>Technician technician</u> permit by the State 10 Board of Pharmacy to assist the pharmacist and perform 11 nonjudgmental, technical, manipulative, non-discretionary functions 12 in the prescription department under the immediate and direct 13 supervision of a pharmacist;

14 37. "Poison" means any substance which when introduced into the 15 body, either directly or by absorption, produces violent, morbid, or 16 fatal changes, or which destroys living tissue with which such 17 substance comes into contact;

- 18 38. "Practice of pharmacy" means:
- a. the interpretation and evaluation of prescription
 orders,
- b. the compounding, dispensing, administering, and
 labeling of drugs and devices, except labeling by a
 manufacturer, repackager, or distributor of
- 24

- nonprescription drugs and commercially packaged legend drugs and devices,
- 3 c. the participation in drug selection and drug4 utilization reviews,

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- d. the proper and safe storage of drugs and devices and
 the maintenance of proper records thereof,
- e. the responsibility for advising by counseling and
 providing information, where professionally necessary
 or where regulated, of therapeutic values, content,
 hazards, and use of drugs and devices,
- f. the offering or performing of those acts, services,
 operations, or transactions necessary in the conduct,
 operation, management, and control of a pharmacy, or
 the provision of those acts or services that are
- 14 g. the provision of those acts of services that are
 15 necessary to provide pharmaceutical care;

16 39. "Preparation" means an article which may or may not contain 17 sterile products compounded in a licensed pharmacy pursuant to the 18 order of a licensed prescriber;

19 40. "Prescriber" means a person licensed in this state who is 20 authorized to prescribe dangerous drugs within the scope of practice 21 of the person's profession;

41. "Prescription" means and includes any order for drug or medical supplies written or signed, or transmitted by word of mouth, telephone, or other means of communication:

1 a. by a licensed prescriber,

b. (1) under the supervision of an Oklahoma licensed
practitioner a supervising physician, by an Oklahoma
licensed advanced practice registered nurse, or
(2) by an Oklahoma licensed physician assistant
pursuant to a practice agreement, or

c. by an Oklahoma licensed wholesaler or distributor as
authorized in Section 353.29.1 of this title;

9 42. "Product" means a prescription drug in a finished dosage
10 form for administration to a patient without substantial further
11 manufacturing, such as capsules, tablets, and lyophilized products
12 before reconstitution. "Product" Product does not include blood
13 components intended for transfusion, radioactive drugs or biologics
14 and medical gas;

15 43. "Repackager", including "virtual repackager", means a 16 person who owns or operates an establishment that repacks and 17 relabels a product or package for further sale or distribution 18 without further transaction;

19 44. "Sterile drug" means a drug that is intended for parenteral 20 administration, an ophthalmic or oral inhalation drug in aqueous 21 format, or a drug that is required to be sterile under state and 22 federal law;

23 45. "Supervising physician" means an individual holding a 24 current license to practice as a physician from the State Board of

Medical Licensure and Supervision, pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Allopathic Medical and Surgical Licensure and Supervision Act, or the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners, pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Osteopathic Medicine Act, who supervises an advanced practice registered nurse as defined in Section 567.3a of this title,

7 and who is not in training as an intern, resident, or fellow. To be 8 eligible to supervise an advanced practice registered nurse, such 9 physician shall remain in compliance with the rules promulgated by 10 the State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision or the State 11 Board of Osteopathic Examiners;

46. "Supportive personnel" means technicians and auxiliary supportive persons who are regularly paid employees of a pharmacy who work and perform tasks in the pharmacy as authorized by Section 353.18A of this title;

47. "Third-party logistics provider" including "virtual third-16 party logistics provider" means an entity that provides or 17 coordinates warehousing, or other logistics services of a product in 18 interstate commerce on behalf of a manufacturer, wholesale 19 distributor, or dispenser of a product but does not take ownership 20 of the product, nor have responsibility to direct the sale or 21 disposition of the product. For the purposes of this paragraph, 22 "third-party logistics provider" third-party logistics provider does 23 not include shippers and the United States Postal Service; 24

SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2584 SFLR

48. "Wholesale distributor" including "virtual wholesale
distributor" means a person other than a manufacturer, a
manufacturer's co-licensed partner, a third-party logistics
provider, or repackager engaged in wholesale distribution as defined
by 21 U.S.C., Section 353(e)(4) as amended by the Drug Supply Chain
Security Act;

7 49. "County jail" means a facility operated by a county for the 8 physical detention and correction of persons charged with, or 9 convicted of, criminal offenses or ordinance violations or persons 10 found guilty of civil or criminal contempt;

50. "State correctional facility" means a facility or institution that houses a prisoner population under the jurisdiction of the Department of Corrections;

14 51. "Unit dose package" means a package that contains a single 15 dose drug with the name, strength, control number, and expiration 16 date of that drug on the label; and

17 52. "Unit of issue package" means a package that provides 18 multiple doses of the same drug, but each drug is individually 19 separated and includes the name, lot number, and expiration date. 20 SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 59 O.S. 2021, Section 353.1a, is 21 amended to read as follows:

22 Section 353.1a A. Prescribing authority shall be allowed, 23 under the medical direction of a supervising physician, for an 24 advanced practice nurse recognized by the Oklahoma Board of Nursing

SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2584 SFLR

1 in one of the following categories: advanced registered nurse practitioners, clinical nurse specialists, or certified nurse-2 midwives. The advanced practice nurse may write or sign, or 3 transmit by word of mouth, telephone or other means of communication 4 5 an order for drugs or medical supplies that is intended to be filled, compounded, or dispensed by a pharmacist. The supervising 6 physician and the advanced practice nurse shall be identified at the 7 time of origination of the prescription and the name of the advanced 8 9 practice nurse shall be printed on the prescription label.

B. Pharmacists may dispense prescriptions for non-controlled prescription drugs authorized by an advanced practice nurse or physician assistant, not located in Oklahoma, provided that they are licensed in the state in which they are actively prescribing.

14 C. Pharmacists may only dispense prescriptions for controlled 15 dangerous substances prescribed by an:

161. An advanced practice nurse or physician assistant licensed17in the State of Oklahoma and supervised by an Oklahoma-licensed

18 practitioner; or

<u>2. A physician assistant</u> licensed in the State of Oklahoma and
 supervised by an Oklahoma-licensed practitioner.

21SECTION 3.AMENDATORY59 O.S. 2021, Section 519.2, is22amended to read as follows:

23 Section 519.2 As used in the Physician Assistant Act:

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SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2584 SFLR

1. "Board" means the State Board of Medical Licensure and
 2 Supervision;

2. "Committee" means the Physician Assistant Committee; 3 "Practice of medicine" means services which require training 3. 4 5 in the diagnosis, treatment and prevention of disease, including the use and administration of drugs, and which are performed by 6 physician assistants so long as such services are within the 7 physician assistants' skill τ . For a physician assistant required to 8 practice under supervision of a delegating physician, services form 9 a component of the physician's scope of practice, and are provided 10 with physician supervision, including authenticating by signature 11 any form that may be authenticated by the delegating physician's 12 signature with prior delegation by the physician; 13

14 4. "Patient care setting" means and includes, but is not
15 limited to, a physician's office, clinic, hospital, nursing home,
16 extended care facility, patient's home, ambulatory surgical center,
17 hospice facility or any other setting authorized by the delegating
18 physician;

19 5. "Physician assistant" means a health care professional, 20 qualified by academic and clinical education and licensed by the 21 State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision, to practice 22 medicine with physician supervision as a physician assistant; 23 6. 5. "Delegating physician" means an individual holding a 24 license in good standing as a physician from the State Board of

SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2584 SFLR

Medical Licensure and Supervision or the State Board of Osteopathic
 Examiners, who supervises <u>one or more</u> physician assistants and
 delegates decision making pursuant to the practice agreement;

7. 6. "Supervision" means overseeing or delegating the 4 5 activities of the medical services rendered by a physician assistant through a practice agreement between a medical doctor or osteopathic 6 7 delegating physician performing procedures or directly or indirectly involved with the treatment of a patient, and the physician 8 9 assistant working jointly toward a common goal of providing services. Delegation shall be defined by the practice agreement. 10 The physical presence of the delegating physician is not required as 11 12 long as the delegating physician and physician assistant are or can be easily in contact with each other by telecommunication. At all 13 times a physician assistant required to practice under supervision 14 shall be considered an agent of the delegating physician; 15

16 8. 7. "Telecommunication" means the use of electronic
17 technologies to transmit words, sounds or images for interpersonal
18 communication, clinical care (telemedicine) and review of electronic
19 health records; and

20 9. 8. "Practice agreement" means a written agreement between a 21 physician assistant and the <u>a</u> delegating physician concerning the 22 scope of practice of the physician assistant to only be determined 23 by the delegating physician and the physician assistant based on the 24 education, training, skills and experience of the physician

SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2584 SFLR

1 assistant. The agreement shall involve the joint formulation,
2 discussion and agreement on the methods of supervision and
3 collaboration for diagnosis, consultation and treatment of medical
4 conditions <u>and shall include the scope of and any limitations on</u>
5 <u>prescribing. A practice agreement is required for a physician</u>
6 <u>assistant as described in subsection C of Section 519.6 of this</u>
7 <u>title</u>.

8 SECTION 4. AMENDATORY 59 O.S. 2021, Section 519.3, is 9 amended to read as follows:

Section 519.3 A. There is hereby created the Physician 10 Assistant Committee, which shall be composed of seven (7) nine (9) 11 12 members. Three Five members of the Committee shall be physician assistants appointed by the State Board of Medical Licensure and 13 Supervision from a list of qualified individuals submitted by the 14 Oklahoma Academy of Physician Assistants. One member shall be a 15 physician appointed by the Board from its membership. One member 16 shall be a physician appointed by the Board from a list of qualified 17 individuals submitted by the Oklahoma State Medical Association and 18 who is not a member of the Board. One member shall be a physician 19 appointed by the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners from its 20 membership. One member shall be a physician appointed by the State 21 Board of Osteopathic Examiners from a list of qualified individuals 22 submitted by the Oklahoma Osteopathic Association and who is not a 23 member of said board. 24

B. The term of office for each member of the Committee shall be
 five (5) years.

C. The Committee shall meet at least quarterly. At the initial meeting of each calendar year, the Committee members shall elect a chair <u>from the physician assistant members</u>. The chair or his or her designee shall represent the Committee at all meetings of the Board. Four <u>Five</u> members shall constitute a quorum for the purpose of conducting official business of the Committee.

9 D. The State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision is hereby granted the power and authority to promulgate rules, which 10 are in accordance with the provisions of Section 519.1 et seq. of 11 12 this title, governing the requirements for licensure as a physician assistant, as well as to establish standards for training, approve 13 institutions for training, and regulate the standards of practice of 14 a physician assistant after licensure, including the power of 15 revocation of a license. 16

Ε. The State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision is 17 hereby granted the power and authority to investigate all 18 complaints, hold hearings, subpoena witnesses and initiate 19 prosecution concerning violations of Section 519.1 et seq. of this 20 title. When such complaints involve physicians licensed by the 21 State Board of Osteopathic Examiners, the State Board of Osteopathic 22 Examiners shall be officially notified of such complaints. 23

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SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2584 SFLR (Bold face denotes Committee Amendments) Page 19

F. 1. The Committee shall advise the Board on all matters
 pertaining to the practice of physician assistants.

2. The Committee shall review and make recommendations to the 3 Board on all applications for licensure as a physician assistant and 4 5 all applications to practice which shall be approved by the Board. When considering applicants for licensure, to establish standards of 6 training or approve institutions for training, the Committee shall 7 include the Director, or designee, of all Physician Assistant 8 9 educational programs conducted by institutions of higher education in the state as members. 10

The Committee shall assist and advise the Board in all
 hearings involving physician assistants who are deemed to be in
 violation of Section 519.1 et seq. of this title or the rules of the
 Board.

15 SECTION **5**. AMENDATORY 59 O.S. 2021, Section 519.6, is 16 amended to read as follows:

Section 519.6 A. No health care services may be performed by a physician assistant unless a current license is on file with and approved by the State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision.
B. A physician assistant with six thousand two hundred forty
(6,240) or more hours of postgraduate clinical practice experience
who has reported those hours to the Board shall not be required to

23 practice under the supervision of a delegating physician.

24

SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2584 SFLR

1	1. A physician assistant may report the completion of
2	postgraduate clinical practice experience to the Board at any time
3	after completion of at least six thousand two hundred forty (6,240)
4	such hours.
5	2. Hours earned prior to the enactment of this subsection shall
6	be counted towards the six thousand two hundred forty (6,240) hours.
7	3. The Board shall maintain, make available, and keep updated,
8	on the Internet website of the Board, a list of physician assistants
9	who have reported completion of six thousand two hundred forty
10	(6,240) or more postgraduate clinical practice experience hours.
11	4. The Board shall prescribe a form for reporting postgraduate
12	clinical practice experience by a physician assistant. The Board
13	shall make available and keep updated on the Internet website of the
14	Board the prescribed form. This reporting form may be filed
15	electronically. The Board shall not charge a fee for reporting
16	hours or filing of the prescribed form.
17	5. Nothing in this subsection shall prohibit a physician
18	assistant from maintaining a practice agreement; however, such an
19	agreement is not required for a physician assistant with the
20	reported six thousand two hundred forty (6,240) hours of
21	postgraduate clinical practice experience, provided any practice
22	agreements are subject to the requirements of paragraphs 1, 2, 3,
23	and 4 of subsection C of this section.
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1 6. Nothing in this subsection shall restrict the ability of the 2 Board to require supervision as a part of disciplinary action against the license of a physician assistant. 3 4 C. A physician assistant with less than six thousand two 5 hundred forty (6,240) hours of postgraduate clinical practice experience or who has completed six thousand two hundred forty 6 (6,240) hours but has not reported those hours to the Board shall 7 practice under the supervision of a delegating physician with the 8 9 following requirements:

10 <u>1.</u> All practice agreements and any amendments shall be filed 11 with the State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision within ten 12 (10) business days of being executed. Practice agreements may be 13 filed electronically. The State Board of Medical Licensure and 14 Supervision shall not charge a fee for filing <u>practice agreements</u> or 15 amendments of to practice agreements-;

B. 2. A physician assistant may have practice agreements with multiple allopathic or osteopathic physicians. Each physician shall be in good standing with the State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision or the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners-;

20 C. <u>3.</u> The delegating physician need not be physically present 21 nor be specifically consulted before each delegated patient care 22 service is performed by a physician assistant, so long as the 23 delegating physician and physician assistant are or can be easily in 24 contact with one another by means of telecommunication. In all

SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2584 SFLR

patient care settings, the <u>The</u> delegating physician shall provide appropriate methods of participating in health care services provided by the physician assistant including:

- a. being responsible for the formulation or approval of
 all orders and protocols, whether standing orders,
 direct orders or any other orders or protocols, which
 direct the delivery of health care services provided
 by a physician assistant, and periodically reviewing
 such orders and protocols,
- b. regularly reviewing the health care services provided
 by the physician assistant and any problems or
 complications encountered,
- c. being available physically or through telemedicine or
 direct telecommunications for consultation, assistance
 with medical emergencies or patient referral,
- d. reviewing a sample of outpatient medical records. 16 Such reviews shall take place at a site agreed upon 17 between the delegating physician and physician 18 assistant in the practice agreement which may also 19 occur using electronic or virtual conferencing, and 20 that it remains clear that the physician assistant is 21 e. an agent of the delegating physician; but, in no event 22 shall the delegating physician be an employee of the 23 24 physician assistant-;

SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2584 SFLR (Bold face denotes Committee Amendments) Page 23

1 D. 4. In patients with newly diagnosed complex illnesses, the 2 physician assistant shall contact the delegating physician within forty-eight (48) hours of the physician assistant's initial 3 examination or treatment and schedule the patient for appropriate 4 5 evaluation by the delegating physician as directed by the physician. The delegating physician shall determine which conditions qualify as 6 complex illnesses based on the clinical setting and the skill and 7 experience of the physician assistant. 8

E. 1. D. A physician assistant under the direction of a 9 delegating physician not practicing under a practice agreement may 10 prescribe written and oral prescriptions and orders. The physician 11 12 assistant not practicing under a practice agreement may prescribe medical supplies, services, and drugs, including controlled 13 medications in Schedules H III through V pursuant to Section 2-312 14 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes, and medical supplies and 15 services as delegated by the delegating physician and as approved by 16 the State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision after 17 consultation with the State Board of Pharmacy on the Physician 18 Assistant Drug Formulary. Physician assistants not practicing under 19 20 a practice agreement may not dispense drugs, but may request, receive, and sign for professional samples and may distribute 21 professional samples to patients. 22 2. A physician assistant may write an order for a Schedule II 23 24 drug for immediate or ongoing administration on site. Prescriptions

and orders for Schedule II drugs written by a physician assistant
must be included on a written protocol determined by the delegating
physician and approved by the medical staff committee of the
facility or by direct verbal order of the delegating physician.
Physician assistants may not dispense drugs, but may request,
receive, and sign for professional samples and may distribute
professional samples to patients.

F. E. A physician assistant may perform health care services in 8 9 patient care settings as authorized by the delegating physician 10 practicing under a practice agreement may prescribe written and oral prescriptions and orders. The physician assistant practicing under 11 12 a practice agreement may prescribe medical supplies, services, and drugs, including controlled medications in Schedules II through V 13 pursuant to Section 2-312 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes, 14 written and oral prescriptions and orders only as delegated by the 15 delegating physician, and prescriptions and orders for Schedule II 16 drugs written by such physician assistant shall be included on a 17 written protocol determined by the delegating physician. Physician 18 assistants practicing under a practice agreement may not dispense 19 drugs, but may request, receive, and sign for professional samples 20 and may distribute professional samples to patients. Provided that 21 a physician assistant practicing under a practice agreement may not 22 prescribe any controlled medications in a Schedule that the 23 delegating physician is not registered to prescribe. 24

SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2584 SFLR

G. F. Each physician assistant licensed under the Physician
 Assistant Act shall keep his or her license available for inspection
 at the primary place of business and shall, when engaged in
 professional activities, identify himself or herself as a physician
 assistant.

6 H. G. A physician assistant shall be bound by the provisions
7 contained in Sections 725.1 through 725.5 of Title 59 of the
8 Oklahoma Statutes this title.

9 H. 1. A physician assistant, or the employer of the physician assistant on his or her behalf, shall carry malpractice insurance or 10 11 demonstrate proof of financial responsibility in a minimum amount of One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) per occurrence and Three Million 12 Dollars (\$3,000,000.00) in the aggregate per year. This requirement 13 shall apply only to the physician assistant and shall not be 14 15 construed as to require the physician assistant to provide malpractice insurance coverage to any delegating physician. 16 2. A physician assistant who is employed by or under contract 17 18 with a federal agency that carries malpractice insurance in any amount on behalf of the physician assistant shall be deemed in 19 compliance with paragraph 1 of this subsection when practicing under 20 such federal employment or contract. However, to the extent the 21 physician assistant practices outside of such federal employment or 22 contract, the physician assistant, or his or her employer, shall 23 24 comply with paragraph 1 of this subsection.

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 SECTION 6.
 AMENDATORY
 59 O.S. 2021, Section 519.11, as

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 amended by Section 1, Chapter 164, O.S.L. 2022 (59 O.S. Supp. 2024,

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 Section 519.11), is amended to read as follows:

Section 519.11 A. Nothing in the Physician Assistant Act shall
be construed to prevent or restrict the practice, services or
activities of any persons of other licensed professions or personnel
supervised by licensed professions in this state from performing
work incidental to the practice of their profession or occupation,
if that person does not represent himself <u>or herself</u> as a physician
assistant.

B. Nothing stated in the Physician Assistant Act shall prevent any hospital from requiring the physician assistant or the delegating physician to meet and maintain certain staff appointment and credentialing qualifications for the privilege of practicing as, or utilizing, a physician assistant in the hospital.

16 C. Nothing in the Physician Assistant Act shall be construed to 17 permit a physician assistant to practice medicine or prescribe drugs 18 and medical supplies in this state except when such actions are 19 performed under the supervision and at the direction of a physician 20 or physicians approved by the State Board of Medical Licensure and 21 Supervision.

22 D. Nothing herein shall be construed to require licensure under 23 the Physician Assistant Act of a physician assistant student 24 enrolled in a physician assistant educational program accredited by

the Accreditation Review Commission on Education for the Physician
 Assistant.

B. D. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no one who is
not a physician licensed to practice medicine in this state may
perform acts restricted to such physicians pursuant to the
provisions of Section 1-731 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
This paragraph subsection is inseverable.

F. E. Nothing in the Physician Assistant Act shall limit the 8 9 activities of a physician assistant in the performance of their 10 duties if the physician assistant is employed by or under contract with the United States Department of Veterans Affairs or if the 11 12 physician assistant is employed by, under contract with, or commissioned by one of the uniformed services; provided, the 13 physician assistant must be currently licensed in this state or any 14 other state or currently credentialed as a physician assistant by 15 the United States Department of Veterans Affairs or the applicable 16 uniformed service. Any physician assistant who is employed by or 17 under contract with the United States Department of Veterans Affairs 18 or is employed by, under contract with, or commissioned by one of 19 the uniformed services and practices outside of such employment, 20 contract, or commission shall be subject to the Physician Assistant 21 Act while practicing outside of such employment, contract, or 22 commission. As used in this subsection, "uniformed services" shall 23

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have the same meaning as provided by Title 10 of the U.S. United
 States Code.

63 O.S. 2021, Section 1-317v2, as 3 SECTION 7. AMENDATORY last amended by Section 133, Chapter 452, O.S.L. 2024 (63 O.S. Supp. 4 5 2024, Section 1-317v2), is amended to read as follows: Section 1-317v2. A. A death certificate for each death which 6 occurs in this state shall be filed with the State Department of 7 Health, within three (3) days after such death. 8 9 в. The funeral director shall personally sign the death certificate and shall be responsible for filing the death 10 certificate. If the funeral director is not available, the person 11 12 acting as such who first assumes custody of a dead body in accordance with Section 1158 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes 13 shall personally sign and file the death certificate. The personal 14 data shall be obtained from the next of kin or the best qualified 15 person or source available. The funeral director or person acting 16 as such shall notify the person providing the personal data that it 17 is a felony to knowingly provide false data or misrepresent any 18 person's relationship to the decedent. The certificate shall be 19 completed as to personal data and delivered to the attending 20 physician or the medical examiner responsible for completing the 21 medical certification portion of the certificate of death within 22 twenty-four (24) hours after the death. No later than July 1, 2012, 23 the personal data, and no later than July 1, 2017, the medical 24

SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2584 SFLR

(Bold face denotes Committee Amendments)

Page 29

1 certificate portion, shall be entered into the prescribed electronic 2 system provided by the State Registrar of Vital Statistics and the 3 information submitted to the State Registrar of Vital Statistics. 4 The resultant certificate produced by the electronic system shall be 5 provided to the physician or medical examiner for medical 6 certification within twenty-four (24) hours after the death.

С. The medical certification shall be completed and signed 7 within forty-eight (48) hours after death by the physician, 8 9 physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse in charge of the patient's care for the illness or condition which resulted in 10 death, except when inquiry as to the cause of death is required by 11 12 Section 938 of this title. No later than July 1, 2017, the medical certification portion of certificate data shall be entered into the 13 prescribed electronic system provided by the State Registrar of 14 Vital Statistics and the information submitted to the State 15 Registrar of Vital Statistics. 16

D. In the event that the physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse in charge of the patient's care for the illness or condition which resulted in death is not in attendance at the time of death, the medical certification shall be completed and signed within forty-eight (48) hours after death by the physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse in attendance at the time of death, except:

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When the patient is under hospice care at the time of death,
 the medical certification may be signed by the hospice's medical
 director; and

4 2. When inquiry as to the cause of death is required by Section5 938 of this title.

Provided, that such certification, if signed by other than the
attending physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice
registered nurse, shall note on the face the name of the attending
physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered
nurse and that the information shown is only as reported.

E. A certifier completing cause of death on a certificate of 11 12 death who knows that a lethal drug, overdose or other means of assisting suicide within the meaning of Sections 3141.2 through 13 3141.4 of this title caused or contributed to the death shall list 14 that means among the chain of events under cause of death or list it 15 in the box that describes how the injury occurred. If such means is 16 in the chain of events under cause of death or in the box that 17 describes how the injury occurred, the certifier shall indicate 18 "suicide" as the manner of death. 19

F. The authority of a physician assistant <u>subject to subsection</u> C of Section 519.6 of Title 59 of the Oklahoma Statutes to carry out the functions described in this section shall be governed by the practice agreement as provided by Section 519.6 of Title 59 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

1SECTION 8.AMENDATORY63 O.S. 2021, Section 2-101, as2last amended by Section 1, Chapter 308, O.S.L. 2024 (63 O.S. Supp.)32024, Section 2-101), is amended to read as follows:

Section 2-101. As used in the Uniform Controlled Dangerous
Substances Act:

1. "Acute pain" means pain, whether resulting from disease,
accidental trauma, intentional trauma, or other cause that the
practitioner reasonably expects to last only a short period of time.
Acute pain does not include chronic pain, pain being treated as part
of cancer care, hospice or other end-of-life care, or pain being
treated as part of palliative care;

12 2. "Administer" means the direct application of a controlled 13 dangerous substance, whether by injection, inhalation, ingestion or 14 any other means, to the body of a patient, animal or research 15 subject by:

- a. a practitioner (or, in the presence of the
 practitioner, by the authorized agent of the
 practitioner), or
- b. the patient or research subject at the direction and
 in the presence of the practitioner;

3. "Agent" means a peace officer appointed by and who acts on
behalf of the Director of the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and
Dangerous Drugs Control or an authorized person who acts on behalf
of or at the direction of a person who manufactures, distributes,

SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2584 SFLR

dispenses, prescribes, administers or uses for scientific purposes controlled dangerous substances but does not include a common or contract carrier, public warehouser or employee thereof, or a person required to register under the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act;

6 4. "Anhydrous ammonia" means any substance that exhibits
7 cryogenic evaporative behavior and tests positive for ammonia;
8 5. "Board" means the Advisory Board to the Director of the
9 Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control;
10 6. "Bureau" means the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and
11 Dangerous Drugs Control;

12 7. "Chronic pain" means pain that persists beyond the usual 13 course of an acute disease or healing of an injury. Chronic pain 14 may or may not be associated with an acute or chronic pathologic 15 process that causes continuous or intermittent pain over months or 16 years;

17 8. "Coca leaves" includes cocaine and any compound,
18 manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of coca
19 leaves, except derivatives of coca leaves which do not contain
20 cocaine or ecgonine;

9. "Commissioner" or "Director" means the Director of the
 Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control;
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10. "Control" means to add, remove or change the placement of a
 drug, substance or immediate precursor under the Uniform Controlled
 Dangerous Substances Act;

4 11. "Controlled dangerous substance" means a drug, substance or 5 immediate precursor in Schedules I through V of the Uniform 6 Controlled Dangerous Substances Act or any drug, substance or 7 immediate precursor listed either temporarily or permanently as a 8 federally controlled substance. Any conflict between state and 9 federal law with regard to the particular schedule in which a 10 substance is listed shall be resolved in favor of state law;

11 12. "Counterfeit substance" means a controlled substance which, 12 or the container or labeling of which without authorization, bears 13 the trademark, trade name or other identifying marks, imprint, 14 number or device or any likeness thereof of a manufacturer, 15 distributor or dispenser other than the person who in fact 16 manufactured, distributed or dispensed the substance;

17 13. "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive or 18 attempted transfer from one person to another of a controlled 19 dangerous substance or drug paraphernalia, whether or not there is 20 an agency relationship;

21 14. "Dispense" means to deliver a controlled dangerous 22 substance to an ultimate user or human research subject by or 23 pursuant to the lawful order of a practitioner, including the 24 prescribing, administering, packaging, labeling or compounding

SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2584 SFLR

necessary to prepare the substance for such distribution.
 "Dispenser" is a practitioner who delivers a controlled dangerous
 substance to an ultimate user or human research subject;

4 15. "Distribute" means to deliver other than by administering
5 or dispensing a controlled dangerous substance;

6 16. "Distributor" means a commercial entity engaged in the 7 distribution or reverse distribution of narcotics and dangerous 8 drugs and who complies with all regulations promulgated by the 9 federal Drug Enforcement Administration and the Oklahoma State 10 Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control;

- 11 17. "Drug" means articles:
- a. recognized in the official United States Pharmacopeia,
 official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United
 States, or official National Formulary, or any
 supplement to any of them,
- b. intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation,
 treatment or prevention of disease in man or other
 animals,
- 19c. other than food, intended to affect the structure or20any function of the body of man or other animals, and
- d. intended for use as a component of any article
 specified in this paragraph;

23 provided, however, the term drug does not include devices or their 24 components, parts or accessories;

1 18. "Drug paraphernalia" means all equipment, products, and materials of any kind which are used, intended for use, or fashioned 2 specifically for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, 3 harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, 4 5 processing, preparing, testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging, storing, containing, concealing, injecting, ingesting, inhaling, or 6 otherwise introducing into the human body, a controlled dangerous 7 substance in violation of the Uniform Controlled Dangerous 8 9 Substances Act including, but not limited to:

10 a. kits used, intended for use, or fashioned specifically
11 for use in planting, propagating, cultivating,
12 growing, or harvesting of any species of plant which
13 is a controlled dangerous substance or from which a
14 controlled dangerous substance can be derived,
15 b. kits used, intended for use, or fashioned specifically

16for use in manufacturing, compounding, converting,17producing, processing, or preparing controlled18dangerous substances,

c. isomerization devices used, intended for use, or
 fashioned specifically for use in increasing the
 potency of any species of plant which is a controlled
 dangerous substance,

d. testing equipment used, intended for use, or fashioned
 specifically for use in identifying or in analyzing

the strength, effectiveness, or purity of controlled
 dangerous substances,

 e. scales and balances used, intended for use, or fashioned specifically for use in weighing or measuring controlled dangerous substances,

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- f. diluents and adulterants, such as quinine
 hydrochloride, mannitol, mannite, dextrose, and
 lactose used, intended for use, or fashioned
 specifically for use in cutting controlled dangerous
 substances,
- 11 g. separation gins and sifters used, intended for use, or 12 fashioned specifically for use in removing twigs and 13 seeds from, or in otherwise cleaning or refining, 14 marijuana,
- h. blenders, bowls, containers, spoons, and mixing
 devices used, intended for use, or fashioned
 specifically for use in compounding controlled
 dangerous substances,
- i. capsules, balloons, envelopes, and other containers
 used, intended for use, or fashioned specifically for
 use in packaging small quantities of controlled
 dangerous substances,
- j. containers and other objects used, intended for use,
 or fashioned specifically for use in parenterally

injecting controlled dangerous substances into the human body,

- k. hypodermic syringes, needles, and other objects used, intended for use, or fashioned specifically for use in parenterally injecting controlled dangerous substances into the human body, except as authorized by Section 2-1101 of this title,
- 8 1. objects used, intended for use, or fashioned
 9 specifically for use in ingesting, inhaling, or
 10 otherwise introducing marijuana, cocaine, hashish, or
 11 hashish oil into the human body, such as:
 - (1) metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic, or ceramic pipes with or without screens, permanent screens, hashish heads, or punctured metal bowls,
 - (2) water pipes,

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- (3) carburetion tubes and devices,
 - (4) smoking and carburetion masks,
- 18 (5) roach clips, meaning objects used to hold burning
 19 material, such as a marijuana cigarette, that has
 20 become too small or too short to be held in the
 21 hand,
 - (6) miniature cocaine spoons and cocaine vials,
 - (7) chamber pipes,
 - (8) carburetor pipes,

1	(9) electric pipes,
2	(10) air-driven pipes,
3	(11) chillums,
4	(12) bongs, or
5	(13) ice pipes or chillers,
6	m. all hidden or novelty pipes, and
7	n. any pipe that has a tobacco bowl or chamber of less
8	than one-half $(1/2)$ inch in diameter in which there is
9	any detectable residue of any controlled dangerous
10	substance as defined in this section or any other
11	substances not legal for possession or use;
12	provided, however, the term drug paraphernalia shall not include
13	separation gins intended for use in preparing tea or spice, clamps
14	used for constructing electrical equipment, water pipes designed for
15	ornamentation in which no detectable amount of an illegal substance
16	is found or pipes designed and used solely for smoking tobacco,
17	traditional pipes of an American Indian tribal religious ceremony,
18	antique pipes that are thirty (30) years of age or older, or drug
19	testing strips possessed by a person for purposes of determining the
20	presence of fentanyl or a fentanyl-related compound;
21	19. "Drug-dependent person" means a person who is using a
22	controlled dangerous substance and who is in a state of psychic or

24 controlled dangerous substance on a continuous basis. Drug

physical dependence, or both, arising from administration of that

SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2584 SFLR

23

1 dependence is characterized by behavioral and other responses which 2 include a strong compulsion to take the substance on a continuous basis in order to experience its psychic effects, or to avoid the 3 discomfort of its absence; 4 5 20. "Harm-reduction services" means programs established to: reduce the spread of infectious diseases related to 6 a. injection drug use, 7 reduce drug dependency, overdose deaths, and 8 b. 9 associated complications, and с. increase safe recovery and disposal of used syringes 10 11 and sharp waste; 12 21. "Hazardous materials" means materials, whether solid, liquid, or gas, which are toxic to human, animal, aquatic, or plant 13 life, and the disposal of such materials is controlled by state or 14 federal quidelines; 15 22. "Home care agency" means any sole proprietorship, 16 partnership, association, corporation, or other organization which 17 administers, offers, or provides home care services, for a fee or 18 pursuant to a contract for such services, to clients in their place 19 of residence; 20 "Home care services" means skilled or personal care 23. 21 services provided to clients in their place of residence for a fee; 22 "Hospice" means a centrally administered, nonprofit or for-24. 23 profit, medically directed, nurse-coordinated program which provides 24

SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2584 SFLR (Bold face denotes Committee Amendments)

1 a continuum of home and inpatient care for the terminally ill patient and the patient's family. Such term shall also include a 2 centrally administered, nonprofit or for-profit, medically directed, 3 nurse-coordinated program if such program is licensed pursuant to 4 5 the provisions of the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act. A hospice program offers palliative and supportive care to meet the 6 special needs arising out of the physical, emotional and spiritual 7 stresses which are experienced during the final stages of illness 8 9 and during dying and bereavement. This care is available twentyfour (24) hours a day, seven (7) days a week, and is provided on the 10 basis of need, regardless of ability to pay. "Class A" Hospice 11 refers to Medicare-certified hospices. "Class B" refers to all 12 other providers of hospice services; 13

25. "Imitation controlled substance" means a substance that is 14 not a controlled dangerous substance, which by dosage unit 15 appearance, color, shape, size, markings or by representations made, 16 would lead a reasonable person to believe that the substance is a 17 controlled dangerous substance, or is a drug intended solely for 18 veterinary purposes that is not a controlled dangerous substance and 19 is being used outside of the scope of practice or normal course of 20 business, as defined by the State Board of Veterinary Medical 21 Examiners, or is a federal Food and Drug Administration-approved 22 drug that is not a controlled dangerous substance and is being used 23 outside the scope of approval for illicit purposes such as 24

SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2584 SFLR

(Bold face denotes Committee Amendments)

1 adulterating or lacing other controlled dangerous substances. In 2 the event the appearance of the dosage unit or use is not reasonably sufficient to establish that the substance is an imitation 3 controlled substance, the court or authority concerned should 4 5 consider, in addition to all other factors, the following factors: statements made by an owner or by any other person in 6 a. control of the substance concerning the nature of the 7 substance, or its use or effect, 8 9 b. statements made to the recipient that the substance may be resold for inordinate profit, 10 whether the substance is packaged in a manner normally 11 с. 12 used for illicit controlled substances, evasive tactics or actions utilized by the owner or d. 13 person in control of the substance to avoid detection 14 by law enforcement authorities, 15 prior convictions, if any, of an owner, or any other 16 e. person in control of the object, under state or 17 federal law related to controlled substances or fraud, 18 and 19 f. the proximity of the substances to controlled 20 dangerous substances; 21 "Immediate precursor" means a substance which the Director 26. 22 has found to be and by regulation designates as being the principal 23 compound commonly used or produced primarily for use, and which is 24

SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2584 SFLR

an immediate chemical intermediary used, or likely to be used, in the manufacture of a controlled dangerous substance, the control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail or limit such manufacture; 27. "Initial prescription" means a prescription issued to a patient who:

- a. has never previously been issued a prescription for
 the drug or its pharmaceutical equivalent in the past
 year, or
- 9 b. requires a prescription for the drug or its
 10 pharmaceutical equivalent due to a surgical procedure
 11 or new acute event and has previously had a
 12 prescription for the drug or its pharmaceutical
 13 equivalent within the past year.

When determining whether a patient was previously issued a prescription for a drug or its pharmaceutical equivalent, the practitioner shall consult with the patient and review the medical record and prescription monitoring information of the patient;

18 28. "Isomer" means the optical isomer, except as used in 19 subsections C and F of Section 2-204 of this title and paragraph 4 20 of subsection A of Section 2-206 of this title. As used in 21 subsections C and F of Section 2-204 of this title, isomer means the 22 optical, positional, or geometric isomer. As used in paragraph 4 of 23 subsection A of Section 2-206 of this title, the term isomer means 24 the optical or geometric isomer;

1 29. "Laboratory" means a laboratory approved by the Director as proper to be entrusted with the custody of controlled dangerous 2 substances and the use of controlled dangerous substances for 3 scientific and medical purposes and for purposes of instruction; 4 5 30. "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, compounding or processing of a controlled dangerous 6 substance, either directly or indirectly by extraction from 7 substances of natural or synthetic origin, or independently by means 8 9 of chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis. "Manufacturer" includes any person who packages, 10 repackages or labels any container of any controlled dangerous 11 12 substance, except practitioners who dispense or compound prescription orders for delivery to the ultimate consumer; 13

14 31. "Marijuana" means all parts of the plant Cannabis sativa
15 L., whether growing or not; the seeds thereof; the resin extracted
16 from any part of such plant; and every compound, manufacture, salt,
17 derivative, mixture or preparation of such plant, its seeds or
18 resin, but shall not include:

a. the mature stalks of such plant or fiber produced from
such stalks,

b. oil or cake made from the seeds of such plant,
including cannabidiol derived from the seeds of the
marijuana plant,

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SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2584 SFLR (Bold face denotes Committee Amendments)

- c. any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative,
 mixture or preparation of such mature stalks (except
 the resin extracted therefrom), including cannabidiol
 derived from mature stalks, fiber, oil or cake,
 - the sterilized seed of such plant which is incapable of germination,

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- e. for any person participating in a clinical trial to
 administer cannabidiol for the treatment of severe
 forms of epilepsy pursuant to Section 2-802 of this
 title, a drug or substance approved by the federal
 Food and Drug Administration for use by those
 participants,
- f. for any person or the parents, legal guardians or 13 caretakers of the person who have received a written 14 certification from a physician licensed in this state 15 that the person has been diagnosed by a physician as 16 having Lennox-Gastaut syndrome, Dravet syndrome, also 17 known as severe myoclonic epilepsy of infancy, or any 18 other severe form of epilepsy that is not adequately 19 treated by traditional medical therapies, spasticity 20 due to multiple sclerosis or due to paraplegia, 21 intractable nausea and vomiting, appetite stimulation 22 with chronic wasting diseases, the substance 23 cannabidiol, a nonpsychoactive cannabinoid, found in 24

- the plant Cannabis sativa L. or any other preparation thereof, that has a tetrahydrocannabinol concentration not more than three-tenths of one percent (0.3%) and that is delivered to the patient in the form of a liquid,
- 6 g. any federal Food and Drug Administration-approved drug
 7 or substance, or
- h. industrial hemp, from the plant Cannabis sativa L. and
 any part of such plant, whether growing or not, with a
 delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration not more
 than three-tenths of one percent (0.3%) on a dryweight basis which shall only be grown pursuant to the
 Oklahoma Industrial Hemp Program and may be shipped
 intrastate and interstate;

15 32. "Medical purpose" means an intention to utilize a
16 controlled dangerous substance for physical or mental treatment, for
17 diagnosis, or for the prevention of a disease condition not in
18 violation of any state or federal law and not for the purpose of
19 satisfying physiological or psychological dependence or other abuse;

33. "Mid-level practitioner" means an Advanced Practice
Registered Nurse as defined and within parameters specified in
Section 567.3a of Title 59 of the Oklahoma Statutes, or a certified
animal euthanasia technician as defined in Section 698.2 of Title 59
of the Oklahoma Statutes, or an animal control officer registered by

SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2584 SFLR

1 the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control under subsection B of Section 2-301 of this title within the 2 parameters of such officer's duties under Sections 501 through 508 3 of Title 4 of the Oklahoma Statutes; 4 5 34. "Narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of 6 vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, 7 or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis: 8 9 a. opium, coca leaves and opiates, a compound, manufacture, salt, derivative or b. 10 preparation of opium, coca leaves or opiates, 11 12 с. cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers, 13 d. ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers and 14 salts of isomers, and 15 a substance, and any compound, manufacture, salt, 16 e. derivative or preparation thereof, which is chemically 17 identical with any of the substances referred to in 18 subparagraphs a through d of this paragraph, except 19 that the words narcotic drug as used in Section 2-101 20 et seq. of this title shall not include decocainized 21 coca leaves or extracts of coca leaves, which extracts 22 do not contain cocaine or ecgonine; 23

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SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2584 SFLR (Bold face denotes Committee Amendments)

35. "Opiate" or "opioid" means any Schedule II, III, IV or V 1 substance having an addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining 2 liability similar to morphine or being capable of conversion into a 3 drug having such addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining 4 5 liability. The terms do not include, unless specifically designated as controlled under the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act, 6 the dextrorotatory isomer of 3-methoxy-n-methyl-morphinan and its 7 salts (dextromethorphan). The terms do include the racemic and 8 9 levorotatory forms;

10 36. "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species Papaver 11 somniferum L., except the seeds thereof;

37. "Palliative care" means a specialized medical service for 12 people of any age and at any stage of a serious illness or life-13 altering medical event that focuses on navigating complex medical 14 decisions while providing patient autonomy and access to 15 information. Utilizing a holistic and interdisciplinary team 16 approach, palliative care addresses physical, intellectual, 17 emotional, social, and spiritual needs. Palliative care may be 18 provided in the inpatient, outpatient, or home care setting and 19 strives to improve quality of life for both the patient and the 20 family; 21

38. "Patient-provider agreement" means a written contract or agreement that is executed between a practitioner and a patient

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1 prior to the commencement of treatment for chronic pain using an 2 opioid drug as a means to:

3	a.	explain the possible risk of development of physical
4		or psychological dependence in the patient and prevent
5		the possible development of addiction,
6	b.	document the understanding of both the practitioner
7		and the patient regarding the patient-provider
8		agreement of the patient,
9	с.	establish the rights of the patient in association
10		with treatment and the obligations of the patient in
11		relation to the responsible use, discontinuation of
12		use, and storage of opioid drugs, including any
13		restrictions on the refill of prescriptions or the
14		acceptance of opioid prescriptions from practitioners,
15	d.	identify the specific medications and other modes of
16		treatment, including physical therapy or exercise,
17		relaxation, or psychological counseling, that are
18		included as a part of the patient-provider agreement,
19	e.	specify the measures the practitioner may employ to
20		monitor the compliance of the patient including, but
21		not limited to, random specimen screens and pill
22		counts, and
23	f.	delineate the process for terminating the agreement,

including the consequences if the practitioner has

SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2584 SFLR (Bold face denotes Committee Amendments)

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1 reason to believe that the patient is not complying with the terms of the agreement. Compliance with the 2 consent items described in this paragraph shall 3 constitute a valid, informed consent for opioid 4 5 therapy. The practitioner shall be held harmless from civil litigation for failure to treat pain if the 6 event occurs because of nonadherence by the patient 7 with any of the provisions of the patient-provider 8 9 agreement;

10 39. "Peace officer" means a police officer, sheriff, deputy 11 sheriff, district attorney's investigator, investigator from the 12 Office of the Attorney General, or any other person elected or 13 appointed by law to enforce any of the criminal laws of this state 14 or of the United States;

15 40. "Person" means an individual, corporation, government or 16 governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, estate, trust, 17 partnership or association, or any other legal entity;

18 41. "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the 19 opium poppy, after mowing;

20 42. "Practitioner" means:

21 a. (1) a medical doctor or osteopathic physician,

- 22 (2) a dentist,
- 23 (3) a podiatrist,
- 24 (4) an optometrist,

1 (5) a veterinarian,

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(6) a physician assistant or <u>an</u> Advanced Practice Registered Nurse under the supervision of a licensed medical doctor or osteopathic physician, or a physician assistant,

(7) a scientific investigator, or

(8) any other person,

licensed, registered or otherwise permitted to 8 9 prescribe, distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to, use for scientific purposes or administer 10 a controlled dangerous substance in the course of 11 12 professional practice or research in this state, or b. a pharmacy, hospital, laboratory or other institution 13 licensed, registered or otherwise permitted to 14 distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect 15 to, use for scientific purposes or administer a 16 controlled dangerous substance in the course of 17 professional practice or research in this state; 18 43. "Production" includes the manufacture, planting, 19 cultivation, growing or harvesting of a controlled dangerous 20

21 substance;

44. "Serious illness" means a medical illness or physical
injury or condition that substantially affects quality of life for
more than a short period of time. Serious illness includes, but is

SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2584 SFLR

not limited to, Alzheimer's disease or related dementias, lung disease, cancer, heart failure, renal failure, liver failure, or chronic, unremitting, or intractable pain such as neuropathic pain; 4 45. "State" means the State of Oklahoma or any other state of the United States;

6 46. "Straw person" or "straw party", also known as a "front",
7 means a third party who:

- 8 a. is put up in name only to take part in a transaction 9 or otherwise is a nominal party to a transaction with 10 no actual control,
- b. acts on behalf of another person to obtain title to
 property and executes documents and instruments the
 principal may direct respecting property, or
- 14 c. purchases property for another for the purpose of 15 concealing the identity of the real purchaser or to 16 accomplish some purpose otherwise in violation of the 17 Oklahoma Statutes;

18 47. "Surgical procedure" means a procedure that is performed 19 for the purpose of structurally altering the human body by incision 20 or destruction of tissues as part of the practice of medicine. This 21 term includes the diagnostic or therapeutic treatment of conditions 22 or disease processes by use of instruments such as lasers, 23 ultrasound, ionizing, radiation, scalpels, probes, or needles that 24 cause localized alteration or transportation of live human tissue by

SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2584 SFLR

1	cutting, burning,	vaporizing, freezing, suturing, probing, or
2	manipulating by cl	osed reduction for major dislocations or
3	fractures, or othe	erwise altering by any mechanical, thermal, light-
4	based, electromagr	netic, or chemical means;
5	48. a. "Syr	thetic controlled substance" means a substance:
6	(1)	the chemical structure of which is substantially
7		similar to the chemical structure of a controlled
8		dangerous substance in Schedule I or II,
9	(2)	which has a stimulant, depressant, or
10		hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous
11		system that is substantially similar to or
12		greater than the stimulant, depressant, or
13		hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous
14		system of a controlled dangerous substance in
15		Schedule I or II, or
16	(3)	with respect to a particular person, which such
17		person represents or intends to have a stimulant,
18		depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the
19		central nervous system that is substantially
20		similar to or greater than the stimulant,
21		depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the
22		central nervous system of a controlled dangerous
23		substance in Schedule I or II.

24

1 b. The designation of gamma-butyrolactone or any other chemical as a precursor, pursuant to Section 2-322 of 2 this title, does not preclude a finding pursuant to 3 subparagraph a of this paragraph that the chemical is 4 5 a synthetic controlled substance. Synthetic controlled substance does not include: 6 с. a controlled dangerous substance, 7 (1) (2) any substance for which there is an approved new 8 9 drug application, (3) with respect to a particular person any 10 substance, if an exemption is in effect for 11 investigational use, for that person under the 12 13 provisions of Section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C., Section 355, 14 to the extent conduct with respect to such 15 substance is pursuant to such exemption, or 16 (4) any substance to the extent not intended for 17 human consumption before such an exemption takes 18 effect with respect to that substance. 19 d. Prima facie evidence that a substance containing 20 salvia divinorum has been enhanced, concentrated, or 21 chemically or physically altered shall give rise to a 22 rebuttable presumption that the substance is a 23 synthetic controlled substance; 24

SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2584 SFLR (Bold face denotes Committee Amendments)

49. "Tetrahydrocannabinols" means all substances that have been
 chemically synthesized to emulate the tetrahydrocannabinols of
 marijuana, specifically including any tetrahydrocannabinols derived
 from industrial hemp; and

5 50. "Ultimate user" means a person who lawfully possesses a 6 controlled dangerous substance for the person's own use or for the 7 use of a member of the person's household or for administration to 8 an animal owned by the person or by a member of the person's 9 household.

 10
 SECTION 9.
 AMENDATORY
 63 0.S. 2021, Section 2-312, as

 11
 amended by Section 2, Chapter 184, O.S.L. 2022 (63 0.S. Supp. 2024,

 12
 Section 2-312), is amended to read as follows:

Section 2-312. A. A physician, podiatrist, optometrist or a 13 dentist who has complied with the registration requirements of the 14 Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act, in good faith and in 15 the course of such person's professional practice only, may 16 prescribe and administer controlled dangerous substances, or may 17 cause the same to be administered by medical or paramedical 18 personnel acting under the direction and supervision of the 19 physician, podiatrist, optometrist or dentist, and only may dispense 20 controlled dangerous substances pursuant to the provisions of 21 Sections 355.1 and 355.2 of Title 59 of the Oklahoma Statutes. 22

B. A veterinarian who has complied with the registrationrequirements of the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act, in

SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2584 SFLR

good faith and in the course of the professional practice of the veterinarian only, and not for use by a human being, may prescribe, administer, and dispense controlled dangerous substances and may cause them to be administered by an assistant or orderly under the direction and supervision of the veterinarian.

C. An advanced practice nurse who is recognized to prescribe by 6 the Oklahoma Board of Nursing as an advanced registered nurse 7 practitioner, clinical nurse specialist or certified nurse-midwife, 8 9 who is subject to medical direction by a supervising physician, pursuant to Section 567.3a of Title 59 of the Oklahoma Statutes, and 10 who has complied with the registration requirements of the Uniform 11 12 Controlled Dangerous Substances Act, in good faith and in the course of professional practice only, may prescribe and administer Schedule 13 III, IV and V controlled dangerous substances. 14

An advanced practice nurse who is recognized to order, 15 D. select, obtain and administer drugs by the Oklahoma Board of Nursing 16 as a certified registered nurse anesthetist pursuant to Section 17 353.1b of Title 59 of the Oklahoma Statutes and who has complied 18 with the registration requirements of the Uniform Controlled 19 Dangerous Substances Act, in good faith and in the course of such 20 practitioner's professional practice only, may order, select, obtain 21 and administer Schedules II through V controlled dangerous 22 substances in a preanesthetic preparation or evaluation; anesthesia 23 induction, maintenance or emergence; or postanesthesia care setting 24

SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2584 SFLR

only. A certified registered nurse anesthetist may order, select,
 obtain and administer such drugs only during the perioperative or
 periobstetrical period.

4	E. A physician assistant who is recognized to prescribe by the
5	State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision under the medical
6	direction of a supervising physician, pursuant to Section 519.6 of
7	Title 59 of the Oklahoma Statutes, and who has complied with the
8	registration requirements of the Uniform Controlled Dangerous
9	Substances Act, in good faith and in the course of professional
10	practice only, may prescribe and administer Schedule II through V
11	controlled dangerous substances subject to the restrictions in
12	Section 519.6 of Title 59 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
13	SECTION 10. REPEALER 59 O.S. 2021, Section 521.4, is
14	hereby repealed.
15	COMMITTEE REPORT BY: COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
16	April 21, 2025 - DO PASS AS AMENDED
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